

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Partner: \_\_\_\_\_

## Python Activity 62: Java – Conditionals

*Java* is programming language that shares some commonalities with Python.

Examining *control structures* such as conditionals in Java and Python help delineate which concepts we've learned are specific to Python, and which are more general to computer science and computational thinking!

### Learning Objectives

Students will be able to:

*Content:*

- Predict what Java code with **Booleans** and **Conditionals** will do
- Describe the differences in syntax between Python & Java **if**, **if-else if-else**, and **if-else**

*Process:*

- Write Java code equivalents of Python code using **Booleans** and **Conditionals**

### Prior Knowledge

- Python concepts: Python, Java data types

### Critical Thinking Questions:

BOOLEAN



1. Match the Python code on the left with what you think is the Java equivalent on the right:

bool	Boolean (or the primitive boolean)
True	Boolean flag = true;
False	&&
flag = True	
and	>
or	<=
not	==
>	true
<=	false
==	!

CONDITIONALS

2. The table below shows the Python and Java versions of an *if statement*:  
Circle where the *Java conditional syntax* differs from the Python conditional syntax.

### If Conditionals:: Python (left), Java (right)

```
a = 1
b = 2
if a < b:
    print("a < b")
```

```
int a = 1;
int b = 2;
if (a < b) {
    System.out.println("a < b");
}
```

3. The table below shows the Python and Java versions of an *if-else statement*: Circle where the *Java conditional syntax* differs from the Python conditional syntax.

If-else Conditionals:: Python (left), Java (right)	
<pre>a = 1 b = 2 if a &gt; b:     print("a &gt;= b") else:     print("a &lt; b")</pre>	<pre>int a = 1; int b = 2; if (a &gt; b) {     System.out.println("a &gt;= b"); } else {     System.out.println("a &lt; b"); }</pre>

4. The table below shows the Python and Java versions of an *if- else if- else statement*: Circle where the *Java conditional syntax* differs from the Python conditional syntax.

If-else if-else Conditionals:: Python (left), Java (right)	
<pre>a = 1 b = 2 c = 3 if a &gt; b and a &gt; c:     print("a is largest") elif b &gt; a and b &gt; c:     print("b is largest") else:     print("c is largest")</pre>	<pre>int a = 1; int b = 2; int c = 3; if (a &gt; b &amp;&amp; a &gt; c) {     System.out.println("a is largest"); } else if (b &gt; a &amp;&amp; b &gt; c) {     System.out.println("b is largest"); } else {     System.out.println("c is largest"); }</pre>

 How does the *syntax for conditionals* differ in Python and Java?

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### Application Questions.

1. Write a Java program that does the equivalent of the following Python program we wrote [much] earlier in the semester:

```
def main():
    temp = float(input("Enter temp: "))
    if temp > 80:
        print("It is a hot one out there!")
    elif temp >= 60:
        print("Nice day out, enjoy!")
    elif temp >= 40:
        print("Sweater weather!")
    else:
        print("Bring a winter jacket!")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```