

Computer Science 136

Data Structures

Lecture #20 (November 5, 2021)

Notes.

1. Questions?
 2. How might you convert infix (standard) math formulas to postfix?
 - (a) Idea: store expressions in a tree.
 - (b) Interior nodes: operators. Leaves: values.
 - (c) Higher nodes are evaluated *after* lower nodes.
 - (d) Inorder traversal: infix. Postorder traversal: postfix.
 - (e) Hmm. How do we perform step 1, given an infix expression? Postfix expression?
 3. Priority queues.
 - (a) A structure that delivers a smallest item next (via `getFirst` (nonmutating) and `remove` (mutating)). Items are `Comparable`.
 - (b) Could be implemented using an `OrderedStructure`, for example, an `OrderedVector`. Problems? How do we use this to build a `PriorityVector`?
 - (c) New concept: A heap.
 - i. Heap is a binary tree structure.
 - ii. Root is smallest (in the natural ordering of the values).
 - iii. Subtrees are heaps.
 - iv. How do we insert values?
 - v. How do we remove values?
 - vi. Everything is logarithmic. Cool.
 - (d) Vector-based heap implementation.
 - i. Notion: `percolateUp` and `pushDownRoot`.
 - ii. Uses no extra space.
 - iii. Basis for a vector sorting operation.
 - (e) Skew-heap implementation.
 - i. Notion: a `merge` of two heaps.
 - ii. Has amortized logarithmic cost even though the tree is not necessarily very balanced. Very cool.
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