

[TAP:SZAPB] Sort

- Which of the following does not run in $O(n^2)$?
 - A. Bubble Sort (best)
 - B. Bubble Sort (worst)
 - C. Selection Sort (best)
 - D. Selection Sort (worst)
 - E. Whatever

Administrative Details

- Lab 5 Posted
 - Sorting with Comparators
- Midterm Wednesday March 14
 - Held in your scheduled Lab (same time and place)
 - Study guide and sample exam
 - Review session

Today's Outline

- Sort
- • Insertion Sort
- Merge Sort

Sorting a Deck of Cards

Time Complexity:

A. $O(n)$ ← best

B. $O(n \log n)$

C. $O(n^2)$ ← worst, ave

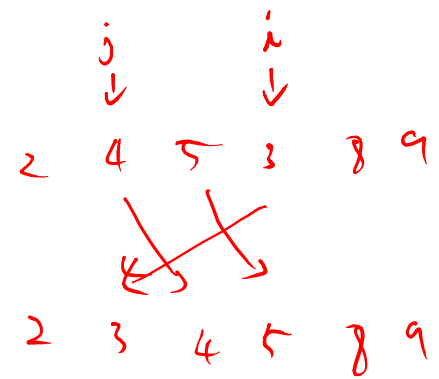
D. $O(n^3)$

E. Not sure

Insertion Sort

- [5 7 0 3 4 2 6 1]
- [5 7 0 3 4 2 6 1]
- [0 5 7 3 4 2 6 1]
- [0 3 5 7 4 2 6 1]
- [0 3 4 5 7 2 6 1]
- [0 2 3 4 5 7 6 1]
- [0 2 3 4 5 6 7 1]
- [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7]

Insertion Sort



```
public static void insertionSort(int[] data) {  
    for (int i = 1; i < data.length; i++) {  
        int temp = data[i];  
        int j;  
        for (j = i; j > 0; j--) {  
            if (temp < data[j-1])  
                data[j] = data[j-1];  
            else  
                break;  
        }  
        data[j] = temp;  
    }  
}
```

Insertion Sort Summary

- Overview
 - After *i*th iteration, at least *i* items are sorted.
 - During *i*th iteration, take the first item in the unsorted portion of the list and **insert** it to the “correct” location in the sorted portion.
- Time complexity:
 - Best case: $O(n)$
 - Worst case: $O(n^2)$
 - Average case: $O(n^2)$

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Time Complexity:

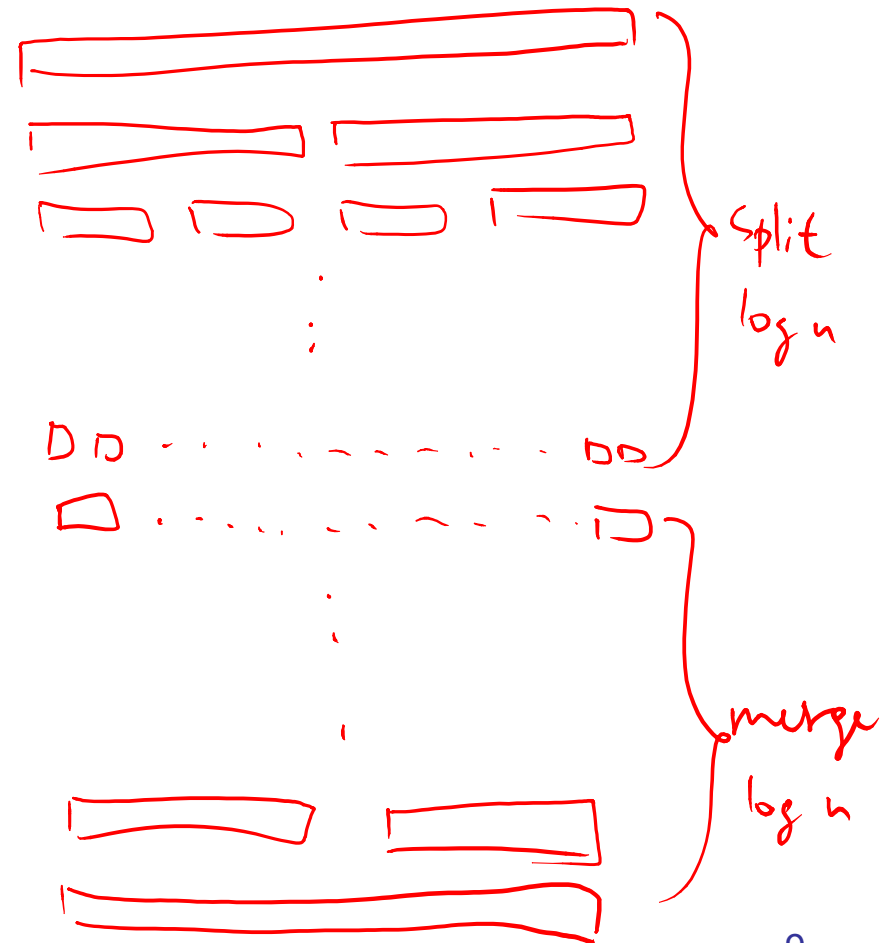
A. $O(n)$

B. $O(n \log n)$

C. $O(n^2)$

D. $O(n^3)$

E. Not sure



Merge Sort

- [8 14 29 1 17 39 16 9]
- [8 14 29 1] [17 39 16 9]
- [8 14] [29 1] [17 39] [16 9]
- [8] [14] [29] [1] [17] [39] [16] [9]
- [8 14] [1 29] [17 39] [9 16]
- [1 8 14 29] [9 16 17 39]
- [1 8 9 14 16 17 29 39]

Merge Sort



```
public static void mergeSort(int[] data) {
```

```
    mergeSortHelper(data, 0, data.length - 1);  
}
```

```
public static void mergeSortHelper(int[] data, int low, int high) {
```

```
    // base case
```

```
    if (low >= high)
```

```
        return;
```

```
    // recursive case
```

```
    int mid = (low + high) / 2;
```

```
    mergeSortHelper(data, low, mid);
```

```
    mergeSortHelper(data, mid + 1, high);
```

```
    merge(data, low, mid + 1, high);  
}
```

Aside: merge() method

```
public static void merge(int[] data, int low, int mid, int high)
```

```
int[] temp = new int[data.length];
```

```
int left = low;
```

```
int right = mid;
```

```
int cur = low;
```

```
while (left <= mid-1 && right <= high) {
```

```
    if (data[left] < data[right])
```

```
        temp[cur++] = data[left++];
```

```
    else
```

```
        temp[cur++] = data[right++];
```

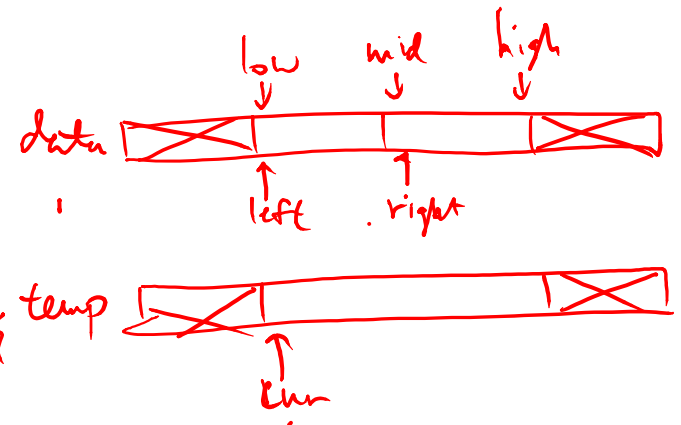
```
}
```

```
while (left <= mid-1)
```

```
    temp[cur++] = data[left++];
```

```
while (right <= high)
```

```
    temp[cur++] = data[right++];
```



```
for (int i = low; i <= high; i++)  
    data[i] = temp[i];
```