CSCI 136: Data Structures & Advanced Programming

## Lecture 4: Crash Course Conclusion

#### Histograms - Strings - Assertions

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#### Questions about Lab I

#### [][0][][0][][0][][0][][ 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Which coin do you want to move? 3 How far?

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| |0| |1| | 2| |

2

## Review

#### Invariants

- Enforced by **protected** state, **accessors**, and **final**
- Interfaces are stateless abstractions of properties
- **static** members/methods on the class instead of an instance

#### • java.util.Random

• Strategies for storing state in arrays

## Array Syntax Review

```
public class NumberBag {
    protected int[] data;
```

}

```
public NumberBag(int n) {
   data = new int[n];
   data[3] = 62;
   data[data.length - 1] = 4;
   System.out.println(data[0]);
}
```

# Today

- I. Histogram
- 2. String
- 3. Assertions





### **HISTOGRAM LIVE CODING DEMO**



## **Essential String Methods**

https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/lang/String.html

int length()
char charAt(int)
String substring(int, int)
int indexOf(String, int)

### Assertions

assert *Expression*<sub>1</sub>: *Expression*<sub>2</sub>;

assert data != null : "No array provided";

assert x > data.length :
 "Out of bounds x = " + x +
 " data.length = " + data.length;

# **Design Summary**

- **Design** your program on paper, in English
  - Nouns = state => members
  - Verbs = computation => methods
  - Group into **classes**
- A class should be a **reusable** collection of state + computation
- main() is your particular program (like top level in Python)
- Look at sample programs
- Read documentation

## Monday

- **Contracts**: invariants, pre/post conditions, and interfaces revisited
- Associations
- **Vectors**: arrays that can change length

Lab #1 due Monday night!